Test Information

Test Name	IBPS Banking/LIC/AAO Examination	Total Questions	100
Test Type	Examination	Difficulty Level	Beginner
Total Marks	200	Duration	120 minutes

Test Question   Language:- ENGLISH

1.

In a town once known for its weekly market, a new library was opened in the central square. The market had brought traders and buyers together, but its activity declined when modern shopping complexes appeared nearby. The library, modest in size, slowly became the new meeting point. At first, people were unsure of its role, as many considered reading a private activity. Yet the place soon attracted groups of students who came not only to borrow books but also to discuss them. Farmers began to read about crop rotation, and some tried new techniques on their fields. Local artists found inspiration in biographies and poetry, and even elderly residents joined storytelling circles. What had begun as a quiet building started shaping the cultural life of the town. The shift from market to library reflected more than a change in location; it showed how collective habits could evolve. The library did not replace trade, but it offered a fresh kind of exchange of ideas, experiences, and imagination.

What does the replacement of the market by the library suggest about the town's priorities?

a. Preference for entertainment over daily necessities

b. Complete rejection of economic activity

c. Movement from material exchange to intellectual exchange

d. Dependence on external shopping complexes

Answer. C

2. Which sentence contains an adjective clause?

a. The teacher who teaches us English is kind.

b. He will meet you at the station tomorrow.

c. She placed the books on the upper shelf.

d. They will travel if the weather is clear.

Answer. A

3. Which type of clause is underlined in the sentence, "He told me that he was busy"?

a. Adjective clause

b. Main clause

c. Adverb clause

d. Noun clause

Answer. D

4. Which arrangement of the sentences forms a meaningful paragraph?

A. Its shelves were filled with dusty volumes of forgotten stories.

B. The quiet atmosphere inside encouraged deep reading.

C. The old library building stood at the corner of the street.

D. Many students visited it in search of rare references.

a. A-D-C-B

b. C-A-B-D

c. B-A-D-C

d. D-A-C-B

Answer. B

5. Which arrangement of the sentences forms a meaningful paragraph?

A. These walls protected it from frequent invasions.

B. The city was once surrounded by tall stone walls.

C. Today, only fragments of them remain near the river.

D. They stand as silent witnesses to a turbulent past.

a. B-A-C-D

b. C-B-D-A

c. A-D-B-C

d. C-B-D-A

Answer. A

6. The committee (A)proposed severe (B)measures to (C)protect the economy from (D)collapse inflation.

a. Swap (B)-(C)

b. Swap (A)-(C)

c. Swap (B)-(D)

d. Swap (C)-(D)

Answer. C

7. Which option completes the blank correctly? 'The scientist aimed to _____ a model that could predict climate variations.'

a. Construct

b. Develop

c. Establish

d. Fabricate

Answer. B

8. Which word best fits the blank? 'The teacher urged the students to _____ critical thinking instead of rote memorization.'

a. Develop

b. Encourage

c. Cultivate

d. Promote

Answer. C

9.

Which part of the following sentence contains an error? 'Seldom he has been invited to official ceremonies hosted by the college authorities.'

a. Seldom

b. he has been invited

c. to official ceremonies

d. hosted by the college authorities

Answer. B

10. Which part of the sentence contains an error? 'Each student was asked to submit an essay, a summary, and preparing a presentation.'

a. Each student was asked

b. to submit an essay,

c. a summary,

d. and preparing a presentation

Answer. D

11.

Which sentence best completes the paragraph? 'Globalization has connected markets and cultures like never before, enabling access to diverse goods and ideas. Yet this interconnection also creates vulnerabilities, as local economies become exposed to global crises. It becomes evident that...'

a. resilience requires balancing global participation with local strength

b. uniform policies across nations can resolve every economic setback

c. cultural exchanges risk weakening national identity beyond recovery

d. integration guarantees prosperity irrespective of internal conditions

Answer. A

12.

Which sentence best completes the paragraph? 'The emergence of renewable energy has transformed discussions on sustainability. Solar, wind, and hydro projects illustrate the shift from dependence on fossil fuels. Yet the real challenge lies in ensuring that...'

a. renewable power integrates effectively with existing economic frameworks

b. energy systems evolve naturally without interference from global markets

c. fossil-based production continues to dominate regional energy strategies

d. investment patterns stabilise regardless of technological innovations

Answer. A

13. Which word denotes a speech delivered without any prior preparation?

a. Dialogue

b. Monologue

c. Extempore

d. Soliloquy

Answer. C

14. Which word denotes a medicine used to counteract poison?

a. Sedative

b. Antidote

c. Narcotic

d. Tonic

Answer. B

15. Which word is the synonym of 'Fragile'?

a. Strong

b. Solid

c. Hard

d. Delicate

Answer. D

16. Which word is the synonym of 'Affluent'?

a. Poor

b. Rich

c. Hungry

d. Weak

Answer. B

17. Which word is the antonym of Ancient?

a. Modern

b. Old

c. Historic

d. Classical

Answer. A

18. Which word is the antonym of Rigid?

a. Flexible

b. Firm

c. Solid

d. Hard

Answer. A

19. What is the meaning of the idiom 'To burn the candle at both ends'?

a. To spend money carelessly

b. To waste opportunities in life

c. To work excessively without rest

d. To quarrel with close friends

Answer. C

20. What is conveyed by the phrase 'To let the cat out of the bag'?

a. To act without proper planning

b. To confuse people deliberately

c. To escape from a difficult trap

d. To reveal a secret unintentionally

Answer. D

21. Which sentence uses the idiom 'At the eleventh hour' correctly?

a. She arrived early, at the eleventh hour, to help with arrangements.

b. He submitted the project just before the deadline, at the eleventh hour.

c. They celebrated the party at the eleventh hour with great joy.

d. The players began the match at the eleventh hour as planned.

Answer. B

22. Which sentence uses the correct verb with a singular subject of measure?

a. Five hundred rupees were too much for this shirt.

b. Five hundred rupees is too much for this shirt.

c. Five hundred rupees have too much for this shirt.

d. Five hundred rupees are too much for this shirt.

23. Which sentence maintains subject-verb agreement with 'along with'?

a. The captain along with his teammates are honored today.

b. The captain along with his teammates were honored today.

c. The captain along with his teammates is honored today.

d. The captain along with his teammates have honored today.

24. Which of the following sentences correctly applies subject-verb agreement?

a. Why does the group of players arrive late every week?

b. Why do the group of players arrive late every week?

c. Why is the group of players arrive late every week?

d. Why are the group of players arrives late every week?

25. Which passive form correctly changes 'Didn't they complete the assignment on time?'

a. Wasn't the assignment being completed on time by them?

b. Hadn't the assignment been completed on time by them?

c. Hasn't the assignment been completed on time by them?

d. Wasn't the assignment completed on time by them?

26. Which active form is correct for the passive sentence 'How quickly was the task finished by the workers!'?

a. How quickly the workers finished the task!

b. How quickly have the workers finished the task!

c. How quickly did the workers finish the task!

d. How quickly had the workers finished the task!

Answer. C

27. Which passive is the most accurate for 'Who wrote this extraordinary book?'

a. Who was this extraordinary book written by?

b. By whom was this extraordinary book written?

c. This extraordinary book was written by whom?

d. By whom has this extraordinary book been written?

Answer. B

28. Which figure of speech is used in the sentence 'The silence of the night screamed into his ears'?

a. Metaphor

b. Personification

c. Hyperbole

d. Oxymoron

Answer. B

29. Which figure of speech is present in 'She was a lioness in the battle'?

a. Simile

b. Irony

c. Hyperbole

d. Metaphor

Answer. D

30. Which figure of speech is used in 'The child cried a river of tears after losing her toy'?

a. Simile

b. Alliteration

c. Hyperbole

d. Metonymy

Answer. C

31. Simplify: $\sqrt{576} \div \sqrt[3]{2744} + \left(\dfrac{1}{7} + \dfrac{1}{14}\right)^{-1}$

a. 8

b. 107/7

c. 134/21

d. 107/8

Answer. C

32. Simplify: $\sqrt[3]{1815.848} - \sqrt{90.25} + 20\% \ of \ 16.5 = $ ___ $+ 12$

a. -6

b. -2

c. 8

d. 4

Answer. A

33.

A shopkeeper marks an article 60% above cost price. He offers two successive discounts of 5% and 10% on the marked price but still earns a profit of ₹120. What is the cost price of the article?

a. Rs 326.09

b. Rs 300

c. Rs 350.25

d. Rs 332.43

Answer. A

34. A dishonest dealer professes to sell goods at cost price but uses a false weight of 852 g instead of 1 kg. What is his profit percentage?

a. 8.52%

b. 85.2%

c. 14.80%

d. 17.37%

Answer. D

35.

A trader bought two watches for ₹1600. He sold one at a profit of 20% and the other at a loss of 15%. If he made no overall gain or loss, what was the cost price of the watch sold at a loss?

a. ₹800

b. ₹852.37

c. ₹914.29

d. ₹950

Answer. C

36.

A vessel contains 80 litres of milk. 20 litres are taken out and replaced with water. Then again, 20 litres of the mixture is removed and replaced with water. What is the final quantity of milk left in the vessel?

a. 35 litres

b. 37.5 litres

c. 40 litres

d. 45 litres

Answer. D

37.

A grocer mixes two varieties of rice, Rs. 24 per kg and the other Rs. 30 per kg in the ratio 3:2. If he sells the blended variety at Rs. 33 per kg, then what is his gain/loss percent?

a. 20%

b. 25%

c. 27.27%

d. 32.5%

Answer. B

38.

A grocer mixes three varieties of wheat: Type A costing ₹20/kg (10 kg), Type B costing ₹25/kg (15 kg), and Type C costing ₹30/kg (5 kg). He sells the mixture at ₹32/kg. What is his overall gain or loss percentage?

a. 32.4%

b. 35.8%

c. 47.2%

d. 46.7%

Answer. A

39. A sum of money becomes ₹1440 in 4 years and ₹1800 in 8 years at simple interest. What is the principal?

a. ₹920

b. ₹960

c. ₹1080

d. ₹1200

Answer. C

40.

A sum of ₹8000 is invested at 20% compounded annually. Find the difference between the compound interest after 2 years and simple interest for 2 years.

a. ₹640

b. ₹320

c. ₹354

d. ₹1250

Answer. B

41. If $5^x \times 25^y = 1$, then find x/y.

a. 1

b. 2

c. -1

d. -2

Answer. D

42.

A can do a piece of work in 5 days, and B can do the same work in 15 days. If they work together for 3 days and then A leaves, how many more days will it take for B to finish the remaining work?

a. 1.5 days

b. 2 days

c. 2.5 days

d. 3 days

43.

P and Q can complete a job in 10 days, Q and R can complete the job in 15 days, and P and R can complete the job in 20 days. How many days will P take to finish the job alone?

a. 15 days

b. 20 days

c. 24 days

d. 27 days

Answer. C

44.

A does half of the work in 6 days and then works together with B for the remaining work. If A and B together can complete the work in 8 days, in how many days will B alone complete the entire work?

a. 15 days

b. 20 days

c. 24 days

d. 27 days

Answer. C

45.

A man can walk 6 km in 1 hour. He runs 10 times faster than he walks. How much distance will he cover in 2 hours if he walks for half the time and runs for the remaining half?

a. 50 km

b. 54 km

c. 60 km

d. 66 km

Answer. D

46.

A car starts from rest and accelerates uniformly to a speed of 54 km/h in 18 seconds. What is the distance travelled by the car in these 18 seconds?

a. 115 m

b. 124 m

c. 135 m

d. 160 m

Answer. C

47.

A cyclist travels 20 km at a speed of 10 km/h and the next 30 km at a speed of 15 km/h. What is the average speed of the cyclist for the entire trip?

a. 11.5 km/h

b. 12.5 km/h

c. 13 km/h

d. 14 km/h

Answer. B

48. A sphere has a surface area of 120 cm². What is the volume of the sphere?

a. 123.51 cm^3

b. 125.75 cm^3

c. 154 cm^3

d. 160.32 cm^3

Answer. A

49.

A sphere has a radius of 6 cm. A smaller sphere is carved out from the larger sphere, such that the diameter of the smaller sphere is half that of the larger sphere. Find the volume of the material removed.

a. 288.95 cm^3

b. 532.42 cm^3

c. 791.28 cm^3

d. 1020.36 cm^3

Answer. C

50. A cone has a base radius of 8 cm and a slant height of 17 cm. Find the total surface area of the cone.

a. 345.47 cm^2

b. 628.57 cm^2

c. 452.14 cm^2

d. 743.58 cm^2

Answer. B

51.

The following table shows the sales data of five products (A, B, C, D, E) across three regions (North, South, and West) for four quarters in a year.

Product	Region	Q1 (₹)	Q2 (₹)	Q3 (₹)	Q4 (₹)
A	North	12000	15000	18000	22000
B	North	14000	16000	20000	21000
C	South	13000	17000	21000	23000
D	West	16000	19000	25000	27000
E	West	18000	20000	26000	30000

If the sales of all products in Region North are increased by 15% in Q1 and by 20% in Q2, find the total sales revenue (in ₹) in Region North for Q1 and Q2 after the increase.
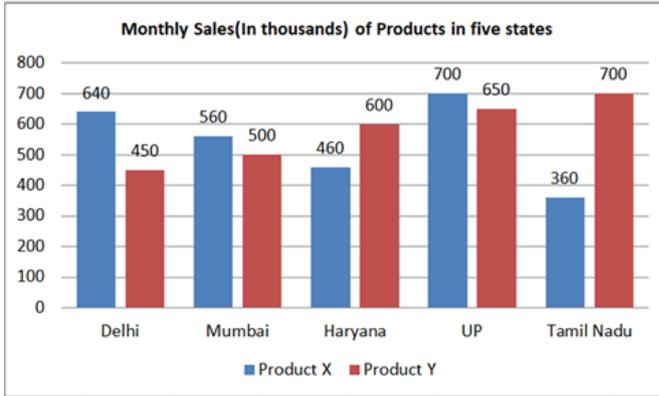
a. ₹60,400

b. ₹68,400

c. ₹65,550

d. ₹67,100

Answer. D

52. The following graph shows the sales data of two products (X,Y) across five states (Delhi, Mumbai, Haryana, UP and Tamil Nadu) for a year.

What is the ratio of the total monthly sales of Product X in Delhi and U.P. to the total monthly sales of Product Y in Mumbai and Tamil Nadu?
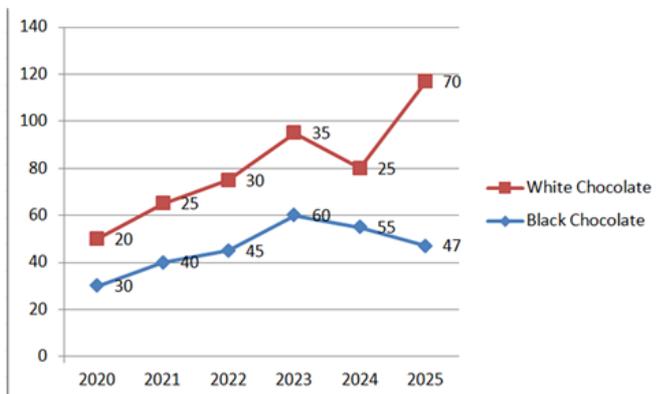
a. 67 : 60

b. 60 : 65

c. 67 : 56

d. 55 : 60

Answer. A

53.

Read the following line graph carefully and answer the given questions below: Following line graph shows the number of white and black chocolate (in lakhs) produced in 6 different years.

White Chocolate produced in 2023 are what percentage less/more than White chocolates produced in 2025?

a. 65%

b. 75%

c. 70%

d. 50%

Answer. D

54. The monthly incomes of A and B are in the ratio 7 : 9. If the difference in their incomes is ₹8,000, find A's income.

a. ₹28,000

b. ₹32,000

c. ₹36,000

d. ₹40,000

Answer. A

55. A crystal worth Rs. 10,000 breaks into two parts in the ratio 3 : 2. The value is proportional to the square of its weight. Calculate the loss.

a. Rs. 4,200

b. Rs. 4,400

c. Rs. 4,600

d. Rs. 4,800

Answer. D

56.

A factory's workforce is increased by 20%, but due to training inefficiency, the average output per worker decreases by 10%. By what percent does the total output change?

a. 6% increase

b. 8% increase

c. 10% decrease

d. 12% decrease

Answer. B

57. What is the remainder when (555^{5555} + 666^{6666}) is divided by 7?

a. 3

b. 4

c. 5

d. 6

Answer. C

58. What is the remainder when 11^{15} is divided by 14642?

a. 13311

b. 1331

c. 121

d. 11

Answer. A

59.

The difference between the two numbers is 1050. When the larger number is divided by the smaller, the quotient is 7 and the remainder is 30. What is the smaller number?

a. 260

b. 270

c. 285

d. 170

Answer. D

60. In a sequence, each term after the first is twice the previous term plus 1. If the first term is 1, what is the 5th term?

a. 29

b. 31

c. 33

d. 35

Answer. B

61. If the 5th term of an AP is 20 and the 10th term is 45, what is the common difference?

a. 4

b. 5

c. 6

d. 7

Answer. B

62. 9, 18, 20, 40, 42, 84, ?

a. 86

b. 88

c. 168

d. 170

Answer. A

63. In how many ways can the letters of the word BALLOON be arranged so that the two L's come together and the two O's also come together

a. 360

b. 120

c. 900

d. 1260

Answer. B

64. Fourteen points lie on a circle. How many cyclic pentagons (5-vertex polygons) can be formed by joining these points?

a. 5,050

b. 3,003

c. 2,002

d. 4,102

Answer. C

65.

A student answers 3 multiple-choice questions, each with 4 options and only one correct answer. If the student guesses all answers, what is the probability of getting the first correct and the other two wrong?

a. 27/64

b. 9/64

c. 3/64

d. 1/64

Answer. B

66.

Two statements are given in each of the following question, followed by two Conclusions I and II. You have to take the given two statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance from commonly known facts. Read the conclusions and then decide which of the given conclusions logically follows from the two disregarding known facts.

Statements: No mammals are reptiles. All dogs are mammals. Conclusions: I. No dogs are reptiles. II. Some reptiles are mammals.

a. If only Conclusion I follows

b. If only Conclusion II follows

c. If neither I nor II follows

d. If both Conclusions I and II follow

Answer. A

67.

   Two statements are given in each of the following question, followed by two Conclusions I and II. You have to take the given two statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance from commonly known facts. Read the conclusions and then decide which of the given conclusions logically follows from the two disregarding known facts.

   Statements: All poets are readers. Some readers are students. Conclusions: I. Some poets are students. II. All students are readers.

a. If only Conclusion I follows

b. If only Conclusion II follows

c. If neither I nor II follows

d. If both Conclusions I and II follow

Answer. C

68. 'Calligraphy' is related to 'Handwriting' as 'Cartography' is related to

a. Maps

b. Graphs

c. Charts

d. Diagrams

Answer. A

69. In the given arrangement, how many alphabets are there which are immediately preceded by a number?

4 A % 7 D # 9 G 5 B @ H 2 K $ 6 M * 3 P 8

a. Four

b. Six

c. Seven

d. Eight

Answer. C

70. How many pairs of alphabets are there in the arrangement which have exactly two elements between them?

4 A % 7 D # 9 G 5 B @ H 2 K $ 6 M * 3 P 8

a. One

b. Two

c. Three

d. Four

Answer. D

71. Which element is 4th to the right of 6th from left? Q 3 R & T 5 Z @ P 8 L # M 2 N % B 6 K * S 9 V $ X

a. 8

b. P

c. L

d. @

Answer. a

72. Rohit faces North-West and turns 90° clockwise twice (i.e., two successive 90° clockwise turns). Which direction is he now facing?

a. North-East

b. North-West

c. South-East

d. South-West

Answer. c

73. P is the brother of Q. R is the father of Q. S is the wife of R. How is P related to S?

a. Son

b. Nephew

c. Father

d. Brother-in-law

Answer. A

74. Statements: K ≥ L = M < N ≤ O Conclusions: I. N > M II. L ≤ O III. K ≥ N

a. Only I and II follow

b. Only II follows

c. Only I and III follow

d. Either II or III follow

Answer. A

75. If ABOVE is coded as BCPWF, how will BELOW be coded?

a. CFMXP

b. CFMPX

c. CGNXP

d. CFMXN

Answer. B

76. Question: In which direction is P with respect to Q? Statement I: P is 10 m north of R. R is 5 m east of Q.

Statement II: P is 5 m east of S. S is 10 m away from Q.

a. Only statement I suffices

b. Only statement II suffices

c. Both statements suffice together

d. Neither statement is sufficient

Answer. A

77. How is E related to A? Statement I: E is the son of C. C is the husband of B. B is the sister of A.

Statement II: D is the son of A. E is the brother of D.

a. Statement I alone is sufficient.

b. Statement II alone is sufficient.

c. Both statements together are sufficient.

d. Each statement alone is sufficient.

Answer. D

78. How is A related to B? Statement I: A is the sister of C. C is the mother of D. Statement II: B is the son of E. E is the sibling of F.

a. Statement I alone is sufficient.

b. Statement II alone is sufficient.

c. Both statements together are sufficient.

d. Neither statement alone nor both together are sufficient.

Answer. D

79. Statements: P ≤ Q < R = S ≥ T Conclusions: I. Q < S II. P ≤ T III. R ≥ T

a. Only I and III follow

b. Only II follows

c. Only I and II follow

d. Either II or III follow

Answer. A

80. Statements: R ≥ S < T = U ≥ V Conclusions: I. R ≥ V II. S < U III. T ≥ V

a. Only I and II follow

b. Only II and III follow

c. Only I and III follow

d. Either II or III follow

Answer. B

81.

Six people - P, Q, R, S, T, and U - are sitting around a circular table facing the center. Q is not sitting next to P. T is sitting opposite U. S is sitting between P and T, on the left side of P. Who is the one sitting next to Q?

a. R

b. P

c. U

d. S

Answer. A

82.

Five people, P, Q, R, S, and T, are seated in a row facing north. If R is sitting between S and T, and Q is sitting at one of the ends, and T is not at any corner, P and S cannot be together. Who is sitting immediately next to Q?

a. P

b. R

c. S

d. T

Answer. C

83. Five friends, A, B, C, D, and E, are sitting in a row facing East. The following information is given: (i) A is sitting third to the right of B.

(ii) D is sitting to the immediate left of E. (iii) C and E have one person in-between. (iv) B is sitting at one of the ends.

(v) C cannot sit in between anyone. Who is sitting to the immediate left of C?

a. A

b. B

c. D

d. E

Answer. A

84. Four siblings - John, Kiran, Lila, Manoj - occupy floors 1-4 (1 = ground, 4 = top).

Clues: Lila is immediately above Kiran. John is at an extreme floor. Manoj is below Lila. Exactly two people live between John and Manoj. Who lives on the third floor?

a. John

b. Kiran

c. Lila

d. Manoj

Answer. C

85.

Seven persons P, Q, R, S, T, U and V live in a seven-storey building (1 = ground, 7 = top). P lives above Q but not on an odd-numbered floor. Exactly two persons live between P and R. S lives immediately below the person who lives on floor 6. T is not on an extreme floor. U lives immediate below T. V is at extreme ends. Who lives on floor 5?

a. P

b. U

c. S

d. T

Answer. C

86. Nisha faces North and turns 225° clockwise. Which direction is she facing now?

a. North-East

b. North-West

c. South-East

d. South-West

Answer. D

87. If the total number of participants in a race is 10 and Lisa finishes 4th, what position would she be in if she was ranked from the bottom?

a. 5

b. 6

c. 4

d. 7

Answer. D

88.

In a school, there are 210 students, and the ratio of girls to boys is 2:5. Riya is a girl who stands 25th from the top of the row, and 10 girls are in front of her. How many boys are behind her?

a. 100

b. 136

c. 130

d. 80

Answer. B

89. Which of the following is considered a key precaution while preparing a statistical table?

a. The table must include lengthy explanations in its body

b. The table must be free from ambiguity and clear

c. The table must contain unrelated data to show variety

d. The table must exclude headings to save space

Answer. B

90.

If the largest value in a dataset is 80 and the smallest is 20, with 12 class intervals, what is the width of each class interval (assuming equal widths)?

a. 4

b. 6

c. 5

d. 7

Answer. C

91. Statement: To stay healthy, you must exercise regularly and eat balanced meals. Assumptions:

I. Regular exercise helps in maintaining good health. II. Eating balanced meals alone is not enough for good health.

a. Only I is implicit.

b. Only II is implicit.

c. Both I and II are implicit.

d. Neither I nor II is implicit.

Answer. C

92. Statement: If you want to increase productivity, you must reduce distractions and focus on your tasks. Assumptions:

I. Reducing distractions leads to increased productivity. II. Focusing on tasks alone is sufficient to increase productivity.

a. Only I is implicit.

b. Only II is implicit.

c. Both I and II are implicit.

d. Neither I nor II is implicit.

Answer. A

1. All cars are vehicles.
2. Some vehicles are electric.

93. Statements: Conclusions:

I. Some cars are electric.

II. All vehicles are cars.

a. Only conclusion I follows.

b. Only conclusion II follows.

c. Neither I nor II follows.

d. Both conclusions I and II follow.

Answer. A

94.

Amit is the father of Rohan. Suman is the sister of Amit. Rohan is the brother of Neha. Ashok is Neha's grandfather. How is Ashok related to Suman's children?

a. Uncle

b. Paternal grandfather

c. Maternal grandfather

d. Father

Answer. C

95. Arun said: "The woman in the photo is my mother's father's only son's daughter." How is the woman related to Arun?

a. Sister

b. Aunt

c. Cousin

d. Mother

Answer. C

96. Input: timex maruti armani lacoste zen Step I: armani timex maruti lacoste zen Step II: armani lacoste timex maruti zen

Step III: armani lacoste maruti zen timex What will be the last output?

a. armani lacoste maruti timex zen

b. lacoste armani maruti timex zen

c. armani maruti lacoste timex zen

d. armani lacoste timex maruti zen

Answer. A

97. Input: 88 training 21 dog 34 appraisal zebra Step I: 21 88 training dog 34 appraisal zebra Step II: 21 34 88 training zebra dog appraisal

Step III: 21 34 88 training zebra dog appraisal What will be the last output?

a. 21 34 88 appraisal zebra tiger dog

b. 21 34 88 training zebra appraisal dog

c. 21 34 88 zebra dog training appraisal

d. 21 34 88 zebra training dog appraisal

Answer. D

98. If 'STORM' is coded as 90 and 'RAIN' is coded as 46, what will be the code for 'CLOUD'?

a. 48

b. 55

c. 60

d. 62

Answer. C

99. In a certain code language, 'AGRA' is coded as -5, and 'MUMBAI' is coded as -4, how will 'DELHI' be coded?

a. -5

b. -3

c. -4

d. -6

Answer. A

100. If in a certain code language, ENGLISH is coded as 2 and SCIENCE is coded as 3, then how will the word HISTORY be coded?

a. 1

b. 2

c. 3

d. 4

Answer. b

Test Question   Language:- REGIONAL

1.

In a town once known for its weekly market, a new library was opened in the central square. The market had brought traders and buyers together, but its activity declined when modern shopping complexes appeared nearby. The library, modest in size, slowly became the new meeting point. At first, people were unsure of its role, as many considered reading a private activity. Yet the place soon attracted groups of students who came not only to borrow books but also to discuss them. Farmers began to read about crop rotation, and some tried new techniques on their fields. Local artists found inspiration in biographies and poetry, and even elderly residents joined storytelling circles. What had begun as a quiet building started shaping the cultural life of the town. The shift from market to library reflected more than a change in location; it showed how collective habits could evolve. The library did not replace trade, but it offered a fresh kind of exchange of ideas, experiences, and imagination.

What does the replacement of the market by the library suggest about the town's priorities?

a. Preference for entertainment over daily necessities

b. Complete rejection of economic activity

c. Movement from material exchange to intellectual exchange

d. Dependence on external shopping complexes

Answer. C

2. Which sentence contains an adjective clause?

a. The teacher who teaches us English is kind.

b. He will meet you at the station tomorrow.

c. She placed the books on the upper shelf.

d. They will travel if the weather is clear.

Answer. A

3. Which type of clause is underlined in the sentence, "He told me that he was busy"?

a. Adjective clause

b. Main clause

c. Adverb clause

d. Noun clause

Answer. D

4. Which arrangement of the sentences forms a meaningful paragraph?

A. Its shelves were filled with dusty volumes of forgotten stories.
B. The quiet atmosphere inside encouraged deep reading.
C. The old library building stood at the corner of the street.
D. Many students visited it in search of rare references.

a. A-D-C-B

b. C-A-B-D

c. B-A-D-C

d. D-A-C-B

Answer. B

5. Which arrangement of the sentences forms a meaningful paragraph?

A. These walls protected it from frequent invasions.
B. The city was once surrounded by tall stone walls.
C. Today, only fragments of them remain near the river.
D. They stand as silent witnesses to a turbulent past.

a. B-A-C-D

b. C-B-D-A

c. A-D-B-C

d. C-B-D-A

Answer. A

6. The committee (A)proposed severe (B)measures to (C)protect the economy from (D)collapse inflation.

a. Swap (B)-(C)

b. Swap (A)-(C)

c. Swap (B)-(D)

d. Swap (C)-(D)

Answer. C

7. Which option completes the blank correctly? 'The scientist aimed to _____ a model that could predict climate variations.'

a. Construct

b. Develop

c. Establish

d. Fabricate

Answer. B

8. Which word best fits the blank? 'The teacher urged the students to _____ critical thinking instead of rote memorization.'

a. Develop

b. Encourage

c. Cultivate

d. Promote

Answer. C

9.

Which part of the following sentence contains an error? 'Seldom he has been invited to official ceremonies hosted by the college authorities.'

a. Seldom

b. he has been invited

c. to official ceremonies

d. hosted by the college authorities

Answer. B

10.

Which part of the sentence contains an error? 'Each student was asked to submit an essay, a summary, and preparing a presentation.'

a. Each student was asked

b. to submit an essay,

c. a summary,

d. and preparing a presentation

Answer. D

11.

Which sentence best completes the paragraph? 'Globalization has connected markets and cultures like never before, enabling access to diverse goods and ideas. Yet this interconnection also creates vulnerabilities, as local economies become exposed to global crises. It becomes evident that...'

a. resilience requires balancing global participation with local strength

b. uniform policies across nations can resolve every economic setback

c. cultural exchanges risk weakening national identity beyond recovery

d. integration guarantees prosperity irrespective of internal conditions

Answer. A

12.

Which sentence best completes the paragraph? 'The emergence of renewable energy has transformed discussions on sustainability. Solar, wind, and hydro projects illustrate the shift from dependence on fossil fuels. Yet the real challenge lies in ensuring that...'

a. renewable power integrates effectively with existing economic frameworks

b. energy systems evolve naturally without interference from global markets

c. fossil-based production continues to dominate regional energy strategies

d. investment patterns stabilise regardless of technological innovations

Answer. A

13. Which word denotes a speech delivered without any prior preparation?

a. Dialogue

b. Monologue

c. Extempore

d. Soliloquy

Answer. C

14. Which word denotes a medicine used to counteract poison?

a. Sedative

b. Antidote

c. Narcotic

d. Tonic

Answer. B

15. Which word is the synonym of 'Fragile'?

a. Strong

b. Solid

c. Hard

d. Delicate

Answer. D

16. Which word is the synonym of 'Affluent'?

a. Poor

b. Rich

c. Hungry

d. Weak

Answer. B

17. Which word is the antonym of Ancient?

a. Modern

b. Old

c. Historic

d. Classical

Answer. A

18. Which word is the antonym of Rigid?

a. Flexible

b. Firm

c. Solid

d. Hard

Answer. A

19. What is the meaning of the idiom 'To burn the candle at both ends'?

a. To spend money carelessly

b. To waste opportunities in life

c. To work excessively without rest

d. To quarrel with close friends

Answer. C

20. What is conveyed by the phrase 'To let the cat out of the bag'?

a. To act without proper planning

b. To confuse people deliberately

c. To escape from a difficult trap

d. To reveal a secret unintentionally

Answer. D

21. Which sentence uses the idiom 'At the eleventh hour' correctly?

a. She arrived early, at the eleventh hour, to help with arrangements.

b. He submitted the project just before the deadline, at the eleventh hour.

c. They celebrated the party at the eleventh hour with great joy.

d. The players began the match at the eleventh hour as planned.

Answer. B

22. Which sentence uses the correct verb with a singular subject of measure?

a. Five hundred rupees were too much for this shirt.

b. Five hundred rupees is too much for this shirt.

c. Five hundred rupees have too much for this shirt.

d. Five hundred rupees are too much for this shirt.

Answer. B

23. Which sentence maintains subject-verb agreement with 'along with'?

a. The captain along with his teammates are honored today.

b. The captain along with his teammates were honored today.

c. The captain along with his teammates is honored today.

d. The captain along with his teammates have honored today.

Answer. C

24. Which of the following sentences correctly applies subject-verb agreement?

a. Why does the group of players arrive late every week?

b. Why do the group of players arrive late every week?

c. Why is the group of players arrive late every week?

d. Why are the group of players arrives late every week?

25. Which passive form correctly changes 'Didn't they complete the assignment on time?'

a. Wasn't the assignment being completed on time by them?

b. Hadn't the assignment been completed on time by them?

c. Hasn't the assignment been completed on time by them?

d. Wasn't the assignment completed on time by them?

26. Which active form is correct for the passive sentence 'How quickly was the task finished by the workers!'?

a. How quickly the workers finished the task!

b. How quickly have the workers finished the task!

c. How quickly did the workers finish the task!

d. How quickly had the workers finished the task!

27. Which passive is the most accurate for 'Who wrote this extraordinary book?'

a. Who was this extraordinary book written by?

b. By whom was this extraordinary book written?

c. This extraordinary book was written by whom?

d. By whom has this extraordinary book been written?

28. Which figure of speech is used in the sentence 'The silence of the night screamed into his ears'?

a. Metaphor

b. Personification

c. Hyperbole

d. Oxymoron

Answer. B

29. Which figure of speech is present in 'She was a lioness in the battle'?

a. Simile

b. Irony

c. Hyperbole

d. Metaphor

Answer. D

30. Which figure of speech is used in 'The child cried a river of tears after losing her toy'?

a. Simile

b. Alliteration

c. Hyperbole

d. Metonymy

Answer. C

31. सोपे रुप द्या : $\sqrt{576} \div \sqrt[3]{2744} + \left(\dfrac{1}{7} + \dfrac{1}{14}\right)^{-1}$

a. 8

b. 107/7

c. 134/21

d. 107/8

Answer. C

32. सोपे रुप द्या : $\sqrt[3]{1815.848} - \sqrt{90.25} + 20\% \, of \, 16.5 = $ ___ $+ 12$

a. -6

b. -2

c. 8

d. 4

Answer. A

33.

एक दुकानदार एक वस्तू खरेदी किंमतीपेक्षा 60% अधिक चिन्हांकित करतो. तो चिन्हांकित किंमतीवर 5% आणि 10% सलग दोन सूट देतो परंतु तरीही ₹120 नफा कमावतो. वस्तूची खरेदी किंमत किती आहे?

a. रु 326.09

b. रु 300

c. रु 350.25

d. रु 332.43

Answer. A

34. एक बेईमान व्यापारी 1 किलो ऐवजी 852 ग्राम खोटे वजन वापरून वस्तू खरेदी किमतीला विकण्याचा दावा करतो. त्याचा नफा टक्केवारी किती आहे?

a. 8.52%

b. 85.2%

c. 14.80%

d. 17.37%

35.

एक व्यापारी ₹1600 मध्ये दोन घड्याळे खरेदी करतो. त्याने एक 20% नफ्याने आणि दुसरा 15% तोट्याने विकला. जर त्याने कोणताही एकूण नफा किंवा तोटा केला नाही, तर तोट्यात विकलेल्या घड्याळाची खरेदी किंमत किती होती?

a. ₹800

b. ₹852.37

c. ₹914.29

d. ₹950

36.

एका भांड्यात 80 लीटर दूध आहे. 20 लीटर दूध काढून त्यात जागी पाणी ओतले जाते. नंतर पुन्हा, 20 लीटर मिश्रण काढून त्यात पाणी भरले जाते. भांड्यात शिल्लक असलेल्या दुधाचे अंतिम प्रमाण किती आहे?

a. 35 लीटर

b. 37.5 लीटर

c. 40 लीटर

d. 45 लीटर

37.

एक दुकानदार दोन प्रकारचे तांदूळ, ₹24 प्रति किलो आणि दुसरा ₹30 प्रति किलो, 3:2 च्या प्रमाणात मिसळतो. जर तो मिश्रित प्रकार 33 रुपये प्रति किलो या प्रमाणात विकतो, तर त्याचा नफा/तोटा किती टक्के आहे?

a. 20%

b. 25%

c. 27.27%

d. 32.5%

38.

एक किराणा दुकानदार गव्हाच्या तीन जाती मिसळतो: प्रकार A ची किंमत ₹20/किलो (10 किलो), प्रकार B ची किंमत ₹25/किलो (15 किलो) आणि प्रकार C ची किंमत ₹30/किलो (5 किलो). तो मिश्रण ₹32/किलो या दराने विकतो. त्याचा एकूण नफा किंवा तोटा टक्केवारी किती आहे?

a. 32.4%

b. 35.8%

c. 47.2%

d. 46.7%

Answer. A

39. एक रक्कम साध्या व्याजाने 4 वर्षात ₹1440 आणि 8 वर्षात ₹1800 होते. मुद्दल किती आहे?

a. ₹920

b. ₹960

c. ₹1080

d. ₹1200

Answer. C

40. ₹8000 ची रक्कम 20% वार्षिक चक्रवाढ व्याजाने गुंतवली जाते. 2 वर्षांनंतर चक्रवाढ व्याज आणि 2 वर्षांसाठी साध्या व्याजामधील फरक किती आहे?

a. ₹640

b. ₹320

c. ₹354

d. ₹1250

Answer. B

41. जर $5^x \times 25^y = 1$ असेल, तर x/y शोधा.

a. 1

b. 2

c. -1

d. -2

Answer. D

42.

A एक काम 5 दिवसात करू शकतो आणि B तेच काम 15 दिवसात करू शकतो. जर ते 3 दिवस एकत्र काम करतात आणि नंतर A निघून जातो, तर B ला उर्वरित काम पूर्ण करण्यासाठी आणखी किती दिवस लागतील?

a. 1.5 दिवस

b. 2 दिवस

c. 2.5 दिवस

d. 3 दिवस

Answer. D

43.

P आणि Q एक काम 10 दिवसात पूर्ण करू शकतात, Q आणि R 15 दिवसात काम पूर्ण करू शकतात आणि P आणि R 20 दिवसात काम पूर्ण करू शकतात. P ला एकट्याने काम पूर्ण करण्यासाठी किती दिवस लागतील?

a. 15 दिवस

b. 20 दिवस

c. 24 दिवस

d. 27 दिवस

Answer. C

44.

A ने अर्धे काम 6 दिवसात पूर्ण केले आणि नंतर उर्वरित कामासाठी B सोबत काम केले. जर A आणि B एकत्रितपणे 8 दिवसात काम पूर्ण करू शकतात, तर B ला एकट्याने संपूर्ण काम पूर्ण करण्यासाठी किती दिवस लागतील?

a. 15 दिवस

b. 20 दिवस

c. 24 दिवस

d. 27 दिवस

Answer. C

45.

एक माणूस 1 तासात 6 किमी चालू शकतो. तो त्याच्या चालण्यापेक्षा 10 पट वेगाने धावतो. जर तो अर्धा वेळ चालला आणि उर्वरित अर्धा वेळ धावला तर तो 2 तासात किती अंतर कापेल?

a. 50 किमी

b. 54 किमी

c. 60 किमी

d. 66 किमी

Answer. D

46. एक कार विश्रांतीपासून सुरू होते आणि 18 सेकंदात 54 किमी/ताशी वेगाने एकसमानपणे वेग वाढवते. या 18 सेकंदात कारने कापलेले अंतर किती आहे?

a. 115 मीटर

b. 124 मीटर

c. 135 मीटर

d. 160 मीटर

Answer. C

47.

एक सायकलस्वार 10 किमी/ताशी वेगाने 20 किमी आणि 15 किमी/तास वेगाने पुढील 30 किमी प्रवास करतो. संपूर्ण प्रवासासाठी सायकलस्वाराचा सरासरी वेग किती आहे?

a. 11.5 किमी/तास

b. 12.5 किमी/तास

c. 13 किमी/तास

d. 14 किमी/तास

Answer. B

48. एका गोलाचे पृष्ठभागाचे क्षेत्रफळ 120 cm² आहे. गोलाचे घनफळ किती आहे?

a. 123.51 cm^3

b. 125.75 cm^3

c. 154 cm^3

d. 160.32 cm^3

Answer. A

49.

एका गोलाची त्रिज्या 6 सेमी आहे. मोठ्या गोलापासून एक लहान गोल काढला जातो, जसे की लहान गोलाचा व्यास मोठ्या गोलाच्या व्यासाच्या अर्धा आहे. काढलेल्या पदार्थाचे घनफळ किती आहे?

a. 288.95 cm³

b. 532.42 cm³

c. 791.28 cm³

d. 1020.36 cm³

Answer. C

50. एका शंकूच्या पायाची त्रिज्या 8 सेमी आणि तिरकस उंची 17 सेमी आहे. शंकूचे एकूण पृष्ठभागाचे क्षेत्रफळ किती आहे?

a. 345.47 cm²

b. 628.57 cm²

c. 452.14 cm²

d. 743.58 cm²

51. खालील तक्त्यामध्ये तीन प्रदेशांमध्ये (उत्तर, दक्षिण आणि पश्चिम) पाच उत्पादनांचा (A, B, C, D, E) विक्री डेटा एका वर्षातील चार तिमाहींसाठी दर्शविला आहे.

उत्पादन	प्रदेश	Q1 (₹)	Q2 (₹)	Q3 (₹)	Q4 (₹)
A	उत्तर	12000	15000	18000	22000
B	उत्तर	14000	16000	20000	21000
C	दक्षिण	13000	17000	21000	23000
D	पश्चिम	16000	19000	25000	27000
E	पश्चिम	18000	20000	26000	30000

जर उत्तर प्रदेशातील सर्व उत्पादनांच्या विक्रीत पहिल्या तिमाहीत 15% आणि दुसऱ्या तिमाहीत 20% वाढ झाली, तर वाढीनंतर उत्तर प्रदेशातील पहिल्या आणि दुसऱ्या तिमाहीत एकूण विक्री महसूल (₹ मध्ये) शोधा.
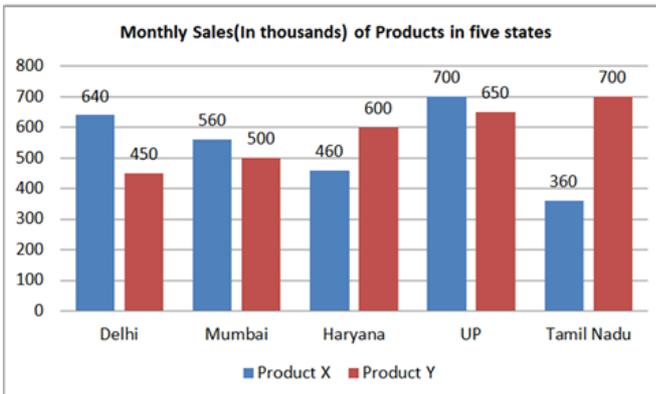
a. ₹60,400

b. ₹68,400

c. ₹65,550

d. ₹67,100

Answer. D

52. खालील आलेख पाच राज्यांमध्ये (दिल्ली, मुंबई, हरियाणा, उत्तर प्रदेश आणि तामिळनाडू) दोन उत्पादनांचा (X, Y) एका वर्षाचा विक्री डेटा दर्शवितो.

दिल्ली आणि उत्तर प्रदेशातील उत्पादन X च्या एकूण मासिक विक्रीचे मुंबई आणि तामिळनाडूमधील उत्पादन Y च्या एकूण मासिक विक्रीशी गुणोत्तर किती आहे?
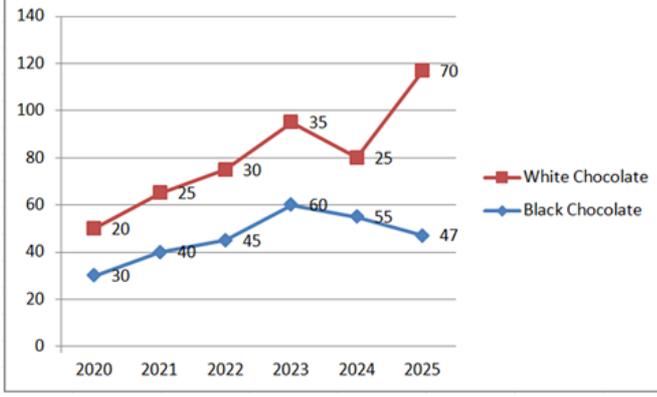
a. 67 : 60

b. 60 : 65

c. 67 : 56

d. 55 : 60

Answer. A

53.

खालील रेषेचा आलेख काळजीपूर्वक वाचा आणि खाली दिलेल्या प्रश्नांची उत्तरे द्या: खालील रेषेचा आलेख   6 वेगवेगव्या वर्षांत उत्पादित झालेल्या पांढऱ्या आणि काव्या चॉकलेटची संख्या (लाखांमध्ये) दर्शवितो.

2023 मध्ये उत्पादित झालेले व्हाईट चॉकलेट 2025 मध्ये उत्पादित झालेल्या व्हाईट चॉकलेटपेक्षा किती टक्के कमी/जास्त आहे?

a. 65%

b. 75%

c. 70%

d. 50%

Answer. D

54. A आणि B चे मासिक उत्पन्न 7 : 9 या प्रमाणात आहे. जर त्यांच्या उत्पन्नातील फरक ₹8,000 असेल तर A चे उत्पन्न शोधा.

a. ₹28,000

b. ₹32,000

c. ₹36,000

d. ₹40,000

Answer. A

55. ₹10,000 रुपये किमतीचा एक स्फटिक 3:2 या प्रमाणात दोन भागांमध्ये मोडतो. त्याचे मूल्य त्याच्या वजनाच्या वर्गाच्या प्रमाणात असते. तोटा मोजा.

a. Rs. 4,200

b. Rs. 4,400

c. Rs. 4,600

d. Rs. 4,800

Answer. D

56.

कारखान्याच्या कार्यबलमध्ये 20% वाढ केली जाते, परंतु प्रशिक्षणाच्या अक्षमतेच्या कारणामुळे, प्रति कामगार सरासरी उत्पादन 10% कमी होते. एकूण उत्पादन किती टक्के बदलते?

a. 6% वाढ

b. 8% वाढ

c. 10% घट

d. 12% घट

Answer. B

57. $(555^{5555} + 666^{6666})$ 7 ने भागल्यावर शिल्लक किती आहे?

a. 3

b. 4

c. 5

d. 6

Answer. C

58. 11^{15} ला 14642 ने भागल्यावर शिल्लक किती राहते?

a. 13311

b. 1331

c. 121

d. 11

Answer. A

59. दोन संख्यांमधील फरक 1050 आहे. जेव्हा मोठ्या संख्येला लहान संख्येने भागले जाते, तेव्हा भागाकार 7 आणि शिल्लक 30 असते. लहान संख्या किती आहे?

a. 260

b. 270

c. 285

d. 170

Answer. D

60. एका अनुक्रमात, पहिल्या संख्येनंतर प्रत्येक संख्या मागील संख्येच्या दुप्पट अधिक 1 असते. जर पहिली संख्या 1 असेल, तर 5वी संख्या किती आहे?

a. 29

b. 31

c. 33

d. 35

Answer. B

61. जर एका AP चा 5वा पद 20 असेल आणि दहावा पद 45 असेल, तर सामान्य फरक किती आहे?

a. 4

b. 5

c. 6

d. 7

Answer. B

62. 9, 18, 20, 40, 42, 84, ?

a. 86

b. 88

c. 168

d. 170

Answer. A

63. BALLOON या शब्दातील अक्षरे किती प्रकारे मांडता येतील जेणेकरून दोन L एकत्र येतील आणि दोन O देखील एकत्र येतील?

a. 360

b. 120

c. 900

d. 1260

Answer. B

64. एका वृत्तावर चौदा बिंदू असतात. या बिंदूंना जोडून किती चक्रीय पंचकोण (5-शिरोबिंदू बहुभुज) तयार केले जाऊ शकतात?

a. 5,050

b. 3,003

c. 2,002

d. 4,102

Answer. C

65.

एक विद्यार्थी 3 बहुपर्यायी प्रश्नांची उत्तरे देतो, प्रत्येक प्रश्नाला 4 पर्याय असतात आणि फक्त एकच बरोबर उत्तर असते. जर विद्यार्थ्याने सर्व उत्तरे अंदाज लावली तर पहिले बरोबर आणि इतर दोन चुकीचे असण्याची शक्यता किती आहे?

a. 27/64

b. 9/64

c. 3/64

d. 1/64

Answer. B

66.

खालील प्रत्येक प्रश्नात दोन विधान दिली आहेत, त्यानंतर I आणि II निष्कर्ष आहेत. तुम्हाला दिलेली दोन विधान सत्य मानायची आहेत, जरी ती सामान्यतः ज्ञात तथ्यांशी भिन्न असल्याचे दिसत असले तरी. निष्कर्ष वाचा आणि नंतर ज्ञात तथ्यांकडे दुर्लक्ष करून दिलेल्या दोन निष्कर्षांपैकी कोणता निष्कर्ष तर्कशुद्धपणे अनुसरण करतो ते ठरवा.

विधाने: कोणतेही सस्तन प्राणी सरपटणारे नाहीत. सर्व कुत्रे सस्तन प्राणी आहेत. निष्कर्ष: I. कुत्रे सरपटणारे नाहीत. II. काही सरपटणारे सस्तन प्राणी आहेत.

a. जर फक्त निष्कर्ष I अनुसरण करत असेल

b. जर फक्त निष्कर्ष II अनुसरण करत असेल

c. जर I किंवा II कोणताही अनुसरण करत नसेल

d. जर I आणि II दोन्ही निष्कर्ष अनुसरण करत असतील

Answer. A

67.

खालील प्रत्येक प्रश्नात दोन विधान दिली आहेत, त्यानंतर I आणि II निष्कर्ष आहेत. तुम्हाला दिलेली दोन विधान सत्य मानायची आहेत, जरी ती सामान्यतः ज्ञात तथ्यांशी भिन्न असल्याचे दिसत असले तरी. निष्कर्ष वाचा आणि नंतर ज्ञात तथ्यांकडे दुर्लक्ष करून दिलेल्या दोन निष्कर्षांपैकी कोणता निष्कर्ष तर्कशुद्धपणे अनुसरण करतो ते ठरवा.

विधाने: सर्व कवी वाचक आहेत. काही वाचक विद्यार्थी आहेत. निष्कर्ष: I. काही कवी विद्यार्थी आहेत. II. सर्व विद्यार्थी वाचक आहेत.

a. जर फक्त निष्कर्ष I अनुसरण करत असेल

b. जर फक्त निष्कर्ष II अनुसरण करत असेल

c. जर I किंवा II कोणताही अनुसरण करत नसेल

d. जर I आणि II दोन्ही निष्कर्ष अनुसरण करत असतील

Answer. C

68. 'कॅलिग्राफी' हे 'हस्तलेखना' संबंधित आहे जसे 'कार्टोग्राफी' हे संबंधित आहे

a. नकाशे

b. आलेख

c. चार्ट

d. आकृती

Answer. A

69. दिलेल्या मांडणीमध्ये, अशी किती अक्षरे आहेत ज्यांच्या लगेच आधी संख्या येते? 4 A % 7 D # 9 G 5 B @ H 2 K $ 6 M * 3 P 8

a. चार

b. सहा

c. सात

d. आठ

Answer. C

70. ज्या मांडणीमध्ये अचूक दोन घटक आहेत त्या वर्णमालेच्या किती जोड्या आहेत? 4 A % 7 D # 9 G 5 B @ H 2 K $ 6 M * 3 P 8

a. एक

b. दोन

c. तीन

d. चार

Answer. D

71. डावीकपासून 6व्या स्थानावर असलेल्या घटकाच्या उजवीकडे 4था घटक कोणता आहे? Q 3 R & T 5 Z @ P 8 L # M 2 N % B 6 K * S 9 V $ X

a. 8

b. P

c. L

d. @

Answer. a

72.

रोहित वायव्येकडे तोंड करून 90° घड्याळाच्या दिशेने दोनदा वळतो (म्हणजे, सलग दोन 90° घड्याळाच्या दिशेने वळतो). तो आता कोणत्या दिशेने तोंड करून आहे?

a. ईशान्य

b. वायव्य

c. आग्नेय

d. नैऋत्य

Answer. c

73. P हा Q चा भाऊ आहे. R हा Q चा पिता आहे. S ही R ची पत्नी आहे. P हा S शी कसा संबंधित आहे?

a. मुलगा

b. पुतण्या

c. पिता

d. मेहुणा

Answer. A

74. विधाने: K ≥ L = M < N ≤ O निष्कर्ष: I. N > M II. L ≤ O III. K ≥ N

a. फक्त I आणि II अनुसरण करतात

b. फक्त II अनुसरण करते

c. फक्त I आणि III अनुसरण करतात

d. II किंवा III अनुसरण करते

Answer. A

75. जर ABOVE ला BCPWF असे कोड केले असेल, तर BELOW ला कसे कोड केले जाईल?

a. CFMXP

b. CFMPX

c. CGNXP

d. CFMXN

Answer. B

76. प्रश्न: Q च्या संदर्भात P कोणत्या दिशेने आहे? विधान I: P हा Rच्या 10 मीटर उत्तरेला आहे. R हा Qच्या 5 मीटर पूर्वेला आहे.

विधान II: P हा Sच्या 5 मीटर पूर्वेला आहे. S हा Qपासून 10 मीटर दूर आहे.

a. फक्त विधान I पुरेसे आहे

b. फक्त विधान II पुरेसे आहे

c. दोन्ही विधान एकत्र पुरेसे आहेत

d. कोणतेही विधान पुरेसे नाही

Answer. A

77. E हा Aशी कसा संबंधित आहे? विधान I: E हा C चा मुलगा आहे. C हा Bचा पती आहे. B ही Aची बहीण आहे.

विधान II: D हा Aचा मुलगा आहे. E हा Dचा भाऊ आहे.

a. फक्त विधान I पुरेसे आहे

b. फक्त विधान II पुरेसे आहे

c. दोन्ही विधान एकत्र पुरेसे आहेत

d. प्रत्येक विधान स्वतः पुरेसे आहे

Answer. D

78. A हा Bशी कसा संबंधित आहे? विधान I: A ही Cची बहीण आहे. C ही Dची आई आहे. विधान II: B हा Eचा मुलगा आहे. E हा Fचा भाऊ आहे.

a. फक्त विधान I पुरेसे आहे

b. फक्त विधान II पुरेसे आहे

c. दोन्ही विधान एकत्र पुरेसे आहेत

d. कोणतेही विधान पुरेसे नाही

Answer. D

79. विधाने: P ≤ Q < R = S ≥ T निष्कर्ष: I. Q < S II. P ≤ T III. R ≥ T

a. फक्त I आणि III अनुसरण करतात

b. फक्त II अनुसरण करते

c. फक्त I आणि II अनुसरण करतात

d. II किंवा III अनुसरण करते

Answer. A

80. विधाने: R ≥ S < T = U ≥ V निष्कर्ष: I. R ≥ V II. S < U III. T ≥ V

a. फक्त I आणि II अनुसरण करतात

b. फक्त II आणि III अनुसरण करतात

c. फक्त I आणि III अनुसरण करतात

d. II किंवा III अनुसरण करते

Answer. B

81.

सहा लोक - P, Q, R, S, T, आणि U - एका गोलाकार टेबलाभोवती मध्यभागी बसलेले आहेत. Q हे P च्या शेजारी बसलेले नाही. T हे U च्या समोर बसले आहे. S हे P आणि T च्या मध्ये P च्या डाव्या बाजूला बसले आहे. Q च्या शेजारी कोण बसले आहे?

a. R

b. P

c. U

d. S

Answer. A

82.

पाच लोक, P, Q, R, S, आणि T, उत्तरेकडे उभे असलेल्या पंक्तीत बसले आहेत. जर R हे S आणि T च्या मध्ये बसले असेल आणि Q हे एका टोकाला बसले असेल आणि T कोणत्याही कोटवर नसेल, तर P आणि S एकत्र असू शकत नाहीत. Q च्या लगेच शेजारी कोण बसले आहे?

a. P

b. R

c. S

d. T

Answer. C

83. पाच मित्र, A, B, C, D, आणि E, पूर्वेकडे उभ्या असलेल्या पंक्तीत बसले आहेत. खालील माहिती दिली आहे: (i) A हा B च्या उजवीकडे तिसरा बसला आहे.

(ii) D हा E च्या लगेच डावीकडे बसला आहे. (iii) C आणि E मध्ये एक व्यक्ती आहे. (iv) B हे एका टोकाला बसले आहे. (v) C कोणाच्याही मध्ये बसू शकत नाही.

C च्या लगेच डावीकडे कोण बसले आहे?

a. A

b. B

c. D

Answer. A

84.

चार भावंडे - जॉन, किरण, लीला, मनोज - 1-4 मजल्यांवर राहतात (1 = जमीन, 4 = वर). संकेत: लीला किरणच्या अगदी वर आहे. जॉन अगदी शेवटच्या मजल्यावर आहे. मनोज लीलाच्या खाली आहे. जॉन आणि मनोजच्या मध्ये नेमके दोन लोक राहतात. तिसऱ्या मजल्यावर कोण राहते?

a. जॉन

b. किरण

c. लीला

d. मनोज

Answer. C

85.

सात मजली इमारतीत P, Q, R, S, T, U आणि V हे सात जण राहतात (1 = जमीन, 7 = वर). P Q च्या वर राहतो पण विषम क्रमांकाच्या मजल्यावर नाही. P आणि R च्या मध्ये नेमके दोन व्यक्ती राहतात. S मजल्यावरील व्यक्तीच्या अगदी खाली राहतो. T हा अत्यंत मजल्यावर नाही. तुम्ही टीव्हीच्या अगदी खाली राहता. V अत्यंत टोकाला आहे. 5 व्या मजल्यावर कोण राहते?

a. P

b. U

c. S

d. T

Answer. C

86. निशा उत्तरेकडे तोंड करून 225° घड्याळाच्या दिशेने वळते. ती आता कोणत्या दिशेला तोंड करून आहे?

a. ईशान्य

b. वायव्य

c. आग्नेय

d. नैऋत्य

87.

जर एका शर्यतीत सहभागींची एकूण संख्या 10 असेल आणि लिसा चौथ्या क्रमांकावर असेल, तर जर तिला खालून क्रमांक मिळाला तर ती कोणत्या स्थानावर असेल?

a. 5

b. 6

c. 4

d. 7

Answer. D

88.

एका शाळेत 210 विद्यार्थी आहेत आणि मुली आणि मुलांचे गुणोत्तर 2:5 आहे. रिया ही एक मुलगी आहे जी रांगेत वरच्या स्थानावरून 25 व्या स्थानावर आहे आणि तिच्या समोर 10 मुली आहेत. तिच्या मागे किती मुले आहेत?

a. 100

b. 136

c. 130

d. 80

Answer. B

89. सांख्यिकीय सारणी तयार करताना खालीलपैकी कोणती खबरदारी महत्त्वाची मानली जाते?

a. टेबलमध्ये त्याच्या मुख्य भागात लांब स्पष्टीकरणे असणे आवश्यक आहे.

b. टेबल अस्पष्टतेपासून मुक्त आणि स्पष्ट असले पाहिजे

c. विविधता दर्शविण्यासाठी टेबलमध्ये असंबंधित डेटा असणे आवश्यक आहे.

d. जागा वाचवण्यासाठी टेबलमध्ये शीर्षके वगळली पाहिजेत.

Answer. B

90.

जर डेटासेटमधील सर्वात मोठे मूल्य 80 असेल आणि सर्वात लहान मूल्य 20 असेल, ज्यामध्ये 12 वर्ग मध्यांतर असतील, तर प्रत्येक वर्ग मध्यांतराची रुंदी किती असेल (समान रुंदी गृहीत धरून)?

a. 4

b. 6

c. 5

d. 7

Answer. C

91. विधान: निरोगी राहण्यासाठी, तुम्ही नियमितपणे व्यायाम केला पाहिजे आणि संतुलित जेवण घेतले पाहिजे. अनुमान:

I. नियमित व्यायामामुळे आरोग्य चांगले राहण्यास मदत होते. II. चांगल्या आरोग्यासाठी फक्त संतुलित जेवण पुरेसे नाही.

a. फक्त I अंतर्निहित आहे.

b. फक्त II अंतर्निहित आहे.

c. I आणि II दोन्ही अंतर्निहित आहेत.

d. I किंवा II कोणतेही अंतर्निहित नाही.

Answer. C

92. विधान: जर तुम्हाला उत्पादकता वाढवायची असेल, तर तुम्ही लक्ष विचलित करणे कमी केले पाहिजे आणि तुमच्या कामांवर लक्ष केंद्रित केले पाहिजे. अनुमान:

I. लक्ष विचलित करणे कमी केल्याने उत्पादकता वाढते. II. उत्पादकता वाढवण्यासाठी केवळ कामांवर लक्ष केंद्रित करणे पुरेसे आहे.

a. फक्त I अंतर्निहित आहे.

b. फक्त II अंतर्निहित आहे.

c. I आणि II दोन्ही अंतर्निहित आहेत.

d. I किंवा II कोणतेही अंतर्निहित नाही.

Answer. A

1. सर्व गाड्या वाहने आहेत.
2. काही वाहने इलेक्ट्रिक असतात.

93. विधाने: निष्कर्ष:

     I. काही गाड्या इलेक्ट्रिक असतात.

     II. सर्व वाहने कार आहेत.

a. फक्त निष्कर्ष I अनुसरण करतो.

b. फक्त निष्कर्ष II अनुसरण करतो.

c. I किंवा II कोणताही अनुसरण करत नाही.

d. I आणि II दोन्ही निष्कर्ष अनुसरण करतात.

Answer. A

94.

अमित हा रोहनचा वडील आहे. सुमन ही अमितची बहीण आहे. रोहन हा नेहाचा भाऊ आहे. अशोक हा नेहाचा आजोबा आहे. अशोकचा सुमनच्या मुलांशी काय संबंध आहे?

a. काका

b. पित्याचे पिता

c. मात्याचे पिता

d. पिता

Answer. C

95. अरुण म्हणाला: "फोटोतील महिला माझ्या आईच्या वडिलांच्या एकुलत्या एका मुलाची मुलगी आहे." त्या महिलेचा अरुणशी काय संबंध आहे?

a. बहीण

b. काकू

c. चुलत बहीण

d. आई

Answer. C

96. इनपुट: टाइमेक्स मारुती अरमानी लॉकोस्ट झेन पायरी 1: अरमानी टाइमएक्स मारुती लॉकोस्टे झेन पायरी 2: अरमानी लॉकोस्टे टाइमएक्स मारुती झेन

पायरी 3: अरमानी लॉकोस्टे मारुती झेन टाइमएक्स शेवटचे आउटपुट काय असेल?

a. अरमानी लॉकोस्टे मारुती टाइमएक्स झेन

b. लॉकोस्ट अरमानी मारुती टाइमएक्स झेन

c. अरमानी मारुती लॉकोस्ट टाइमएक्स झेन

d. अरमानी लॉकोस्ट टाइमएक्स मारुती झेन

Answer. A

97. इनपुट: 88 प्रशिक्षण 21 कुत्रे 34 मूल्यांकन झेब्रा पायरी 1: 21 88 प्रशिक्षण कुत्रा 34 मूल्यांकन झेब्रा पायरी 2: 21 34 88 प्रशिक्षण झेब्रा कुत्रा मूल्यांकन

पायरी 3: 21 34 88 झेब्रा कुत्र्याचे प्रशिक्षण मूल्यांकन शेवटचे आउटपुट काय असेल?

a. 21 34 88 मूल्यांकन झेब्रा वाघ कुत्रा

b. 21 34 88 झेब्रा मूल्यांकन कुत्र्याला प्रशिक्षण देत आहे

c. 21 34 88 झेब्रा कुत्र्यांच्या प्रशिक्षणाचे मूल्यांकन

d. 21 34 88 झेब्रा प्रशिक्षण कुत्र्याचे मूल्यांकन

Answer. D

98. जर 'STORM' ला 90 आणि 'RAIN' ला 46 असे कोड केले असेल, तर 'CLOUD' चा कोड काय असेल?

a. 48

b. 55

c. 60

d. 62

Answer. C

99. एका विशिष्ट कोड भाषेत, 'AGRA' ला -5 असे कोड केले जाते आणि 'MUMBAI' ला -4 असे कोड केले जाते, तर 'DELHI' ला कसे कोड केले जाईल?

a. -5

b. -3

c. -4

d. -6

Answer. A

100.

जर एखाद्या विशिष्ट सांकेतिक भाषेत, इंग्रजीला 2 असे कोड केले असेल आणि SCIENCE ला 3 असे कोड केले असेल, तर HISTORY हा शब्द कसा कोड केला जाईल?

a. 1

b. 2

c. 3

d. 4

Answer. b

Test Answer

1. (C)	2. (A)	3. (D)	4. (B)	5. (A)	6. (C)	7. (B)	8. (C)	9. (B)	10. (D)
11. (A)	12. (A)	13. (C)	14. (B)	15. (D)	16. (B)	17. (A)	18. (A)	19. (C)	20. (D)
21. (B)	22. (B)	23. (C)	24. (A)	25. (D)	26. (C)	27. (B)	28. (B)	29. (D)	30. (C)
31. (C)	32. (A)	33. (A)	34. (D)	35. (C)	36. (D)	37. (B)	38. (A)	39. (C)	40. (B)
41. (D)	42. (D)	43. (C)	44. (C)	45. (D)	46. (C)	47. (B)	48. (A)	49. (C)	50. (B)
51. (D)	52. (A)	53. (D)	54. (A)	55. (D)	56. (B)	57. (C)	58. (A)	59. (D)	60. (B)
61. (B)	62. (A)	63. (B)	64. (C)	65. (B)	66. (A)	67. (C)	68. (A)	69. (C)	70. (D)
71. (a)	72. (c)	73. (A)	74. (A)	75. (B)	76. (A)	77. (D)	78. (D)	79. (A)	80. (B)
81. (A)	82. (C)	83. (A)	84. (C)	85. (C)	86. (D)	87. (D)	88. (B)	89. (B)	90. (C)
91. (C)	92. (A)	93. (A)	94. (C)	95. (C)	96. (A)	97. (D)	98. (C)	99. (A)	100. (b)